

Pytest-ing Cheat Sheet

by amicheletti via cheatography.com/39488/cs/12308/

Pytest and coverage Tool		
py.test <files></files>	Run py.test tool	
maxfail=X	Exit after failing X tests	
durations=10	Use this to Profile your tests (time taken)	
cov=path	Run coverage within the project path	
cov-report term-	Add this to show which lines were not covered	
Packages to install:		
pip install pytest		
pip install pytest-sugar		
pip install pytest-cov		

Coverage Configuration File		
.coveragerc	Default filename looked for	
[report]	Section defining the report	
exclude_lines =	Exclude lines defined after	
http://coverage.readthedocs.io/en/latest/config.html		

Write after exclude_lines = the lines as they are in Python code

Pytest with Flask	
client =	Gives you an Test Client object
app.test_client()	
client.get(url)	Makes a GET request
<pre>client.post(url, data=[])</pre>	Makes a POST request
<pre>client.put(url, data=[])</pre>	Makes a PUT request

You can create a test client to test your Flask app

Fixture	
<pre>@pytest.fix ture()</pre>	Fixture decorator
scope="sess	Scope for the fixture: Can be session, module, class Or function
params=[]	For each value, the fixture will be called with that value (this makes multiple calls)
autouse=Fal	All tests in the session use the fixture automatically
<pre>def my_fixture(request)</pre>	Putting request object in fixture gives you access to the pytest request (e.g. put afinalizer)
pytest fixtures	See all available fixtures

The purpose of test fixtures is to provide a fixed baseline upon which tests can reliably and repeatedly execute.

pytest-mock

In short, mocking is creating objects that simulate the behaviour of real objects.



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